

TRIP TO NORTHERN NORWAY JUNE/JULY 2012

We started on this trip on Wednesday the 20th of June. The route the first day went via [Elverum](#) and [Rendalen](#) to [Tynset](#). We spent the night at [Tynset Camping](#). When we left Gran it was lightly clouded and warm, while at Tynset there was showers with just a few glimpses of sun inbetween.

Before we started we took a few pictures of all the flowers along the road up to where we live.



Kjell looks a bit scowling.



The itinerary the first day.
We stopped at [Tynset Camping](#) in [Tynset](#).



The reception



The camping area



Next day we continued to [Røros](#). When we walked up in the city, after having parked at a parking lot in the center, we notice the soup station.



Here is the storehouse.



[Røros Church](#) from 1784 is very often taken photographs of.



A few pictures from the streets in the center.





The cafe has not opened yet.



American sign on the door.



Fine old timber houses.



A statue of the painter [Harald Oskar Sohlberg](#)



Standing in the Kvennhusveien (mills road).
A rein deer in the park.



Here we turn and look down at Malmplassen.

Røros was established in 1646 after it was found stones rich in copper here in 1644. Røros Kobberverk was established and was a driving source in the society in 331 years. The activity lasted until 1977. Røros came on the UNESCOs list of [World Heritage Sites](#) in 1980.



Looking down towards Malmplassen and Smeltehytta.
(The ore place and the melting hut)



Huge piles of slag in the background.



A couple of pictures of the houses above Malmplassen.



From Malmplassen we can see down on to the Hitter river, or (Hyttelva) cottage river as it is called locally. The river was central in the mining operations.



Old buildings on the other side of Hyttelva.



The chimney sweeper is in work on one of the houses up in the town.



Upstream Hyttelva.



Downstream Hyttelva. The melting hut to the right.



The melting hut to the left with the church in the background.



Røros church and Malmklokken to the right. The bell was used to alert time for watch change and for food breaks at the works.



Stairs from Smeltehytta up to Malmklokken.



[Smeltehytta](#). It was the center in the mining town and one of the most important workplaces in the copper works.



Today many of the houses are taken over by local artists. This is Gallerilåven (Gallery barn).



More old houses. Gallerilåven to the right.



Here we are approaching one of the bridges across Hyttelva.



View upstream towards Smeltehytta.



View downstream. On the other side is the district [Flanderborg](#).



View to the bridge and further towards Smeltehytta.



An old house in Flanderborg.



More (never) houses in Flanderborg.



Bicycles outside the offices of the newspaper [Arbeidets Rett](#) (The right to work).



Back at the parking space where we parked the camping car.



The parking space was right beside [Røros Railway Station](#).



After having been in Røros, we are driving on towards [Gauldalen](#).



Here we have made a detour to [Ratvolden](#). It was the home of [Johan Falkbergets](#), but is now a [museum](#).



We can see the snow in the distance on Grønfjellet.



Nice meadows.



This stone was erected in honor of the two men who cleared the fields.





Nice ditches with stone footbridge.



There are many houses here.

The main house.





On our way further on we atopped att a small waterfall at the roadside.



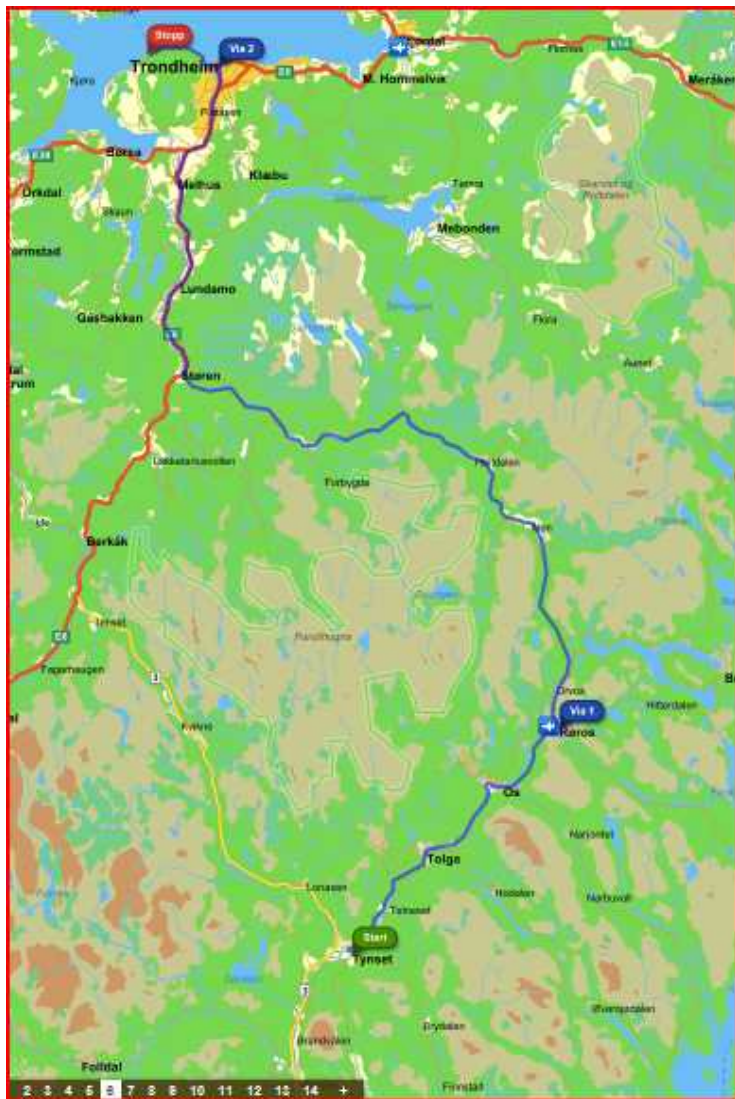
The waterfall.



Here we have arrived at the next stop at Flakk Camping outside Trondheim.

<http://www.flakk-camping.no/norsk.html>

Kjell is working with frying of beef and onions.



The itinerary from [Tynset](#) to Flakk outside [Trondheim](#).



Nice site at Flakk.



After the good dinner Kjell thought it appropriate with a cigar.



Seeing the camping site from the road.



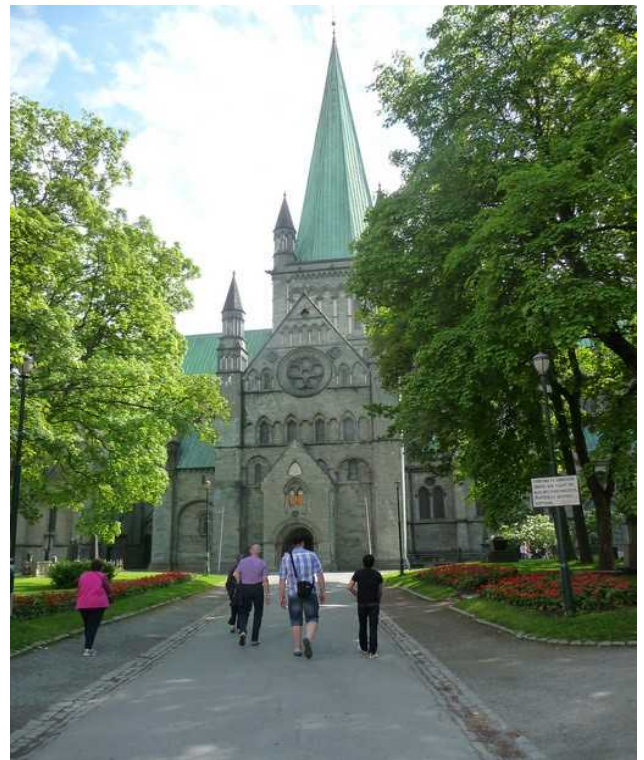
Here stands [Tordenskiold](#), who was a well man from [Trøndelag](#).



[Olav Tryggvason](#) founded Trondheim in 997.



The entrance to [Britannia Hotel](#) and the restaurant [Palmehaven](#). Grandfather to Anne Berit celebrated wedding with Ruth here in 1954.



Approaching [Nidaros Cathedral](#).



The front of the cathedral.



A monument dedicated [Jørgen Bjelke](#) outside the cathedral.



These plaques are on the stone.



Kjell outside [Vertshuset Grenaderen](#). He won 12 right in betting in 1967 together with a betting team. The celebrated the winning at this restaurant. The win resulted in a very low payout, so the celebration cost was much higher than the payout.



A glimpse of [Student](#) Society's building on the other side of Nidelven.



Nice park along [Nidelven](#).



View across Nidelven up to the main building of [Norwegian University of Science and Technology](#) (NTNU). It is lying up on a plateau, which is called [Gløshaugen](#).



Standing on [Elgeseter bridge](#) looking down on the park along Nidelven.



Looking across the river up to [Kristiansten fortress](#).



Nidelven with Kristiansten fortress in the background.



Arriving to «Samfundet».



Høgskoleveien, which lead from Samfundet up to NTNU.

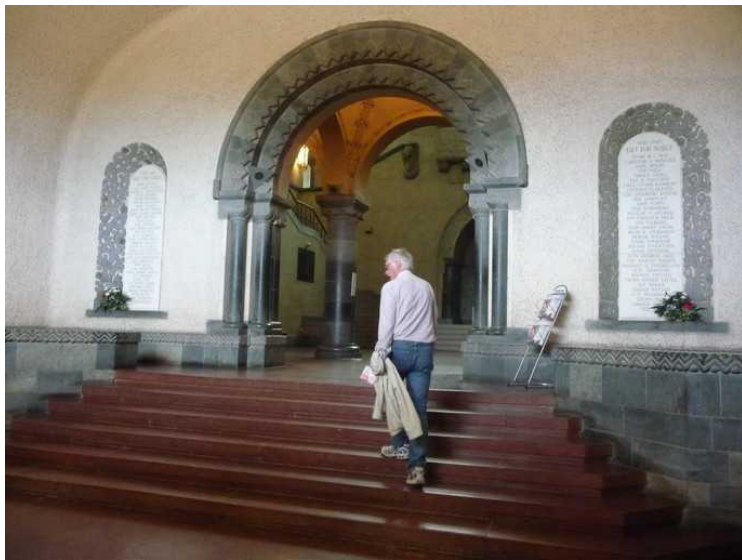
Kjell is on his way to the everyday entrance to Samfundet.



The main building at NTNU. It was finished in 1910.



The view from the stairs up to the main building and down towards the city.



Kjell is inside the main building and is walking up the stairs to the aula.



The old building that housed Tapir book shop at NTNU is now a museum. The operations are now moved to one of the central buildings.



The lokomotive Bjørkelangen, which is owned by the Academic Union Smørekoppen.



The rear side of the main building.



A statue at Gløshaugen with a rotating top.



Approaching [Berg Studentby](#). Kjell lived here from 1968 to 1969. He didn't recognize anything, because the old buildings had been taken down and new ones were put up.



The buildings at Berg Studentby looked very functional. A studentby is houses for students.



After having walked up a steep hill, we came to [Moholt Studentby](#).



These buildings were just they were when Kjell lived here. He is going to find out in which houses he lived in.



The last year he lived in a flat here.



Alking down towards the city again. A very nice house, we thought.

The first two years he lived in a studio in this building, but he can't find his name on the signs.



When coming down the slope we get a glimpse of the fortress.



Alking past [Singsaker Studenterhjem](#).



[Kristiansten fortress](#) which was commenced in 1682.



Overview of the city from the fortress hill.



Starshaped ring wall.



The entrance.



Inside.



Cannons.



The main tower.



A birds flat in a tree in the slope below the fortress.



In this house in Nonnegata lived Anne Berit's grandfather. He had a flat in the upper floor and a musical instrument shop in the basement.



The stairs up into the house.



The stairs down to the shop.



View down the stree.



From Nonnegata we went in the direction of the center again. Here we are in [Baklandet](#). The area is nicely renovated since Kjell was here the last time in the 1970s.



The lower part of Nidelven with the quays on both sides.



Nidelven with [Bakke bridge](#) in the background.



The [Old Town Bridge](#).



A view of Øvre Baklandet from the old town bridge.



The old town bridge.



A last glimpse of the east side of Nidelven.



[Arve Tellefsen](#) has got his statue in Trondheim.



After having been walking for many kilometers this day, we had got an appetite. When we came to this restaurant, [Brasseriet](#), we decided to have a meal here. We had a good steak.



These are the old premises of [Kjeldsberg](#). Now it is Rema 1000 that is located here. Kjell worked here the summer of 1969 and he drove a big truck out and in of this narrow gate.



Before we left Trondheim and moved on, we visited [Ringve Museum](#) at [Lade](#), right in the outskirts of Trondheim. It is Norway's national museum for music and musical instruments.



One of the side wings.



The yard with the main building at the rear.